

[In accordance with the criteria of Regulation No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended]

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

ULTRALIT HARD ECO

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: concrete hardener on the basis of lithium silicate with a high content of active lithium. Applied for densification, hardening and protection against dust formation of new and used flooring. For professional use.

Uses advised against: not determined.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Distributor: **ULTRALIT WORLDWIDE DISTRIBUTION**
Address: ul. Parowcowa 4C, 02-445 Warszawa, Poland
Telephone/Fax: +48 22 614-52-04/ +48 22 814-74-81
E-mail address for a competent person responsible for SDS: info@ultralit.eu

1.4 Emergency telephone number

112 (general emergency number)

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified as hazardous for human health and for the environment.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms and signal words

None.

Hazard statements

None.

Precautionary statements

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

2.3 Other hazards

Components of the mixture do not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product based on lithium silicate (CAS 12627-14-4). The mixture does not contain any substances, which are classified as hazardous for human health and for the environment in quantities, that are required to be included in the SDS. The product does not contain any components which are subject to control exposure in the workplace on the Community level.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: take off contaminated clothes. Wash the contaminated skin thoroughly with plenty of water. Consult a doctor, if disturbing symptoms appear.

Eye contact: protect the non-irritated eye, remove contact lenses. Wash the contaminated eye with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Avoid powerful water stream – risk of cornea damage. Consult an ophthalmologist if disturbing symptoms appear.

Ingestion: do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately consult a doctor, show container or label.

Inhalation: remove the victim to fresh air. Keep victim warm and calm. Consult a doctor, if disturbing symptoms persist.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No known adverse effects or critical hazards when properly used.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Physician makes a decision regarding further medical treatment after thoroughly examination of the injured. Symptomatic treatment.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, foam - adjust firefighting measures to the surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: water jet – risk of the propagation of the flame.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During the fire, the product may produce harmful fumes. Do not inhale combustion products, they can be dangerous for human health.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

The product is not flammable. Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Collect used extinguishing agents. Do not allow them to enter sewers, surface water, groundwater or soil.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Limit the access for the outsiders into the breakdown area, until the suitable cleaning operations are completed. Ensure that the effects of breakdown are removed only by trained personnel. In case of large spills, isolate the exposed area. Avoid eyes contact and prolonged skin contact. Do not inhale vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Caution! Risk of slipping on spilled product.

6.2 Environmental precautions

In case of release of large amounts of the product, it is necessary to take appropriate steps to prevent it from spreading into the environment. Notify relevant emergency services.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Place damaged container in an emergency container. Spills collect with absorbent, e.g. sand, soil, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite, and place it in an appropriate waste containers. Clean and ventilate the contaminated area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Appropriate conduct with waste product – see section 13. Personal protective equipment – see section 8.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working with the product. Avoid eye contamination and direct skin contact. Before break and after work wash hands. Do not inhale vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use in accordance with its intended purpose. Keep the unused containers tightly closed. Containers that are opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in original, tightly closed containers in a dry, well-ventilated place. Storage temperature: > 5 °C. Suitable packaging materials: plastic, steel. Unsuitable packaging materials: aluminum, copper, zinc, tin and its alloys, brass, fiberglass, galvanized materials. Time of workability: 1 year under recommended storage and transport conditions. Avoid direct sunlight. Do not store with incompatible materials (subsection 10.5).

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information about other uses than those mentioned in subsection 1.2.

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

There are no occupational exposure limit values at working place for the substances present in the mixture at the Community level.

Please check also national legislations.

Legal Basis: Commission Directive 2006/15/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU

DNEL-values for lithium silicate (CAS 12627-14-4)

workers, long-term exposition, systemic effects, dermal: 57 mg/kg/day

workers, long-term exposition, systemic effects, inhalative: 3,8 mg/m³

PNEC-values for lithium silicate (CAS 12627-14-4)

freshwater: 7,5 mg/l

marine water: 1 mg/l

intermittent release: 7,5 mg/l

sewage treatment plant: 348 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Use the product in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. When handling do not eat, drink or smoke. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Avoid eye contamination and prolonged skin contact. Do not inhale vapors. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Hand protection

In case of frequent or long-term contact with the product it is recommended to use resistant to the product rubber gloves. Wear protective clothing.

When using protective gloves during work with chemical products, it should be noted that the efficacy levels and corresponding breakthrough times do not indicate actual times of protection at a particular workplace, because the protection can be affected by many factors, e.g. temperature, other substances etc. If there are any signs of degradation, damage or change in appearance (colour, flexibility, shape), it is recommended to replace the gloves with a new pair. Please follow the manufacturer's instructions, not only in terms of gloves' usage, but also in terms of their cleaning, maintenance and storage. It is also important to know how to take off the gloves in order to avoid hands contamination.

Eye/face protection

Use protective glasses, if there is a risk of eye contamination.

Respiratory protection

Not required, if the ventilation is adequate.

Personal protective equipment must meet requirements of directive 89/686/CE. Employer is obliged to ensure equipment adequate to activities carried out, with quality demands, cleaning and maintenance.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow the large quantity of mixture to contaminate ground water, wastewater, canalization or soil. Possible emissions from the ventilation systems and processing equipment should be controlled in order to determinate their compatibility with environmental protection regulations.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

appearance:	liquid
odour:	odourless
odour threshold:	not determined
pH:	10-11
melting point/freezing point:	-3 °C (concentrate)
initial boiling point and boiling range:	100 °C (concentrate)
flash point:	not applicable, product is not flammable
evaporation rate:	not determined
flammability (solid, gas):	not applicable
upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	not applicable
vapour pressure:	not determined
vapour density:	not determined
density:	1,08 g/cm ³
solubility:	miscible with water, insoluble in fats
partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	not determined
auto-ignition temperature:	not applicable, product is not subject to auto-ignition
decomposition temperature:	not determined
explosive properties:	not display
oxidising properties:	not display
viscosity:	1,5-20 mPa·s (concentrate)

9.2 Other information

No additional test results.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product is reactive. It does not undergo dangerous polymerisation. See also 10.4-10.5.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

In reaction with aluminum, zinc, lead, tin and its alloys hydrogen is released – it may form explosive mixtures with air. It forms gel and emits heat in reaction with acids. It may react with ammonium salts and gases may be emitted.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid extreme temperatures. Protect from frost.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, ammonium salt, active metals, some organic compounds.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Not known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information regarding acute and/or delayed results of the exposure was defined on the basis of the information on product's classification and/or toxicological studies as well as the experience and knowledge of the manufacturer.

Toxicity of components

lithium silicate (CAS 12627-14-4)

LD₅₀ (oral, rat) > 3400 mg/kg (lithium silicate, 37,5 %)

Toxicity of mixtures

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity of components

lithium silicate (CAS 12627-14-4)

Fish:	LC ₅₀	1108 mg/l/96 h/ <i>Brachydanio rerio</i>
Aquatic invertebrates:	EC ₅₀	1700 mg/l/48h/ <i>Daphnia magna</i>
microrganisms:	EC ₀	> 348 mg/l/18h/ <i>Pseudomonas utida</i>

Toxicity of mixtures

Product is not classified as hazardous for environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not applicable – inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility of components of the mixture depends on the hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and biotic and abiotic conditions of soil, including its structure, climatic conditions, seasons and soil organisms.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Components of the mixture do not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

12.6 Other adverse effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. Consider other harmful effects of individual components of the mixture on the environment (eg, endocrine disrupting potential, global warming potential. Large spills of the product to water lead to increase of pH value, what has a negative impact on fauna and flora.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods for the mixture: disposal in accordance with the local legislation. Small quantities of the product can be removed with municipal waste. Store residues in original containers. Recycling is preferred. Waste code should be given in the place of waste formation.

Disposal methods for used packing: reuse/recycle/eliminate empty containers in accordance with the legislation in force. Only containers completely empty can be recycled.

Legal basis: Directive 2008/98/EC, 94/62/EC.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Product is not classified as dangerous during transport.

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

14.4 Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5 Environmental hazards

Product is not dangerous for environment in accordance with transport regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not required.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC as amended.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Text with EEA relevance) as amended.

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives.

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste.

